

“IIS Dionigi Scano – Ottone Bacaredda”

Cagliari

PROGRAMMA

Anno Scolastico 2023/2024

DOCENTE: Marilena Atzei
DISCIPLINA: Inglese
CLASSE: 4A MM

Libro di testo : Elizabeth Sharman, Identity B1 to B1 plus, Oxford

Unit 3:

Talk about relationships

Talk about duration and ongoing situations

Use reflexive and reciprocal pronouns

Present perfect with *for* and *since*

Reflexive pronouns

each other

Unit 4:

Talk about films / facts / past habits

Passive: Present simple and past simple

Passive: interrogative form

used to

Unit 5:

Talk about the body and health

Talk about have something done

Give advice

have / get something done

should / shouldn't

Unit 6:

Talk about ongoing and recent actions

Talk about ongoing actions and situation

Present perfect continuous

Present perfect simple vs present perfect

continuous

Unit 7:

Talk about art

Speculate and make deductions (present /past)

Must, can't, may, might, could

Non defining relative clauses

Ripasso della grammatica del biennio:

Pronomi personali soggetto: (*I, you, he, she, it, we, they*)

Pronomi personali complemento: (*me, you, him, her, it, us, you, them*)

Articolo determinativo *the* - Articolo indeterminativo *a / an*

Sostantivi: formazione del plurale, variazioni fonetiche, eccezioni

Preposizioni di luogo: (*in, at, on, between, under*)

Avverbi di frequenza (*always, usually, often, sometimes, rarely, never*)

Aggettivi possessivi (*my, your, his, her, its, our, their*)

Aggettivi dimostrativi (*this, that*)

Verbo essere: *Simple present*, forma affermativa, negativa e interrogativa (*to be*)

Verbo avere: *Simple present*, forma affermativa, negativa e interrogativa (*have got*)

Verbo modale *can*: forma affermativa, negativa e interrogativa

Verbi ordinari: *Simple present, Simple past, Present continuous, Simple future (will)*
Intentional future (going to), Present continuous with future meaning

Chiedere il permesso (*can / could*)

Offerte, richieste (*would like*)

Parole interrogative: (*who, what, which, when, where, why, how, how often*)

Caso possessivo (*Tom's house - the students' dog*)

there is - there are

Nomi contabili e non contabili (*some / any*)

Quantità: *not much / not many / a lot (of) / a little / a few / how much - how many*

Aggettivi comparativi e superlativi

L'insegnante
Marilena Atzei